

Strategic Stability In The Second Nuclear Age



Strategic Stability In The Second

Strategic stability in the second nuclear age faces three challenges. The first is the increasing complexity of deterrence relations among the nuclear weapon states. A central feature of the second nuclear age is that most nuclear weapon states face threats from two or more potential adversaries.

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age - cfr.org

Overview. By 2020, it could have a stockpile of fissile material that, if weaponized, could produce as many as two hundred nuclear devices. The author identifies South Asia as the region "most at risk of a breakdown in strategic stability due to an explosive mixture of unresolved territorial disputes, cross-border terrorism, and growing nuclear arsenals."

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age | Council on ...

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age - Kindle edition by Gregory D. Koblentz. Download it once and read it on your Kindle device, PC, phones or tablets. Use features like bookmarks, note taking and highlighting while reading Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age.

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Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age due to the security tri lemma, the deterrence relationship between India and Pakistan is intertwined with that of China.

(PDF) Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age [Gregory D. Koblentz] on Amazon.com. *FREE* shipping on qualifying offers. Since the end of the Cold War, a new nuclear order has emerged, shaped by rising nuclear states and military technologies that threaten stability

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age: Gregory D ...

The world has entered a second nuclear age shaped by rising nuclear states and military technologies. Gregory Koblentz argues that the United States should work with the other nuclear-armed states to manage threats to nuclear stability in the near term and establish processes for multilateral arms control efforts over the longer term.

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age by Gregory D ...

The second nuclear age is defined by the multiplicity of nuclear powers linked together by varying levels of cooperation and conflict. Although the Soviet Union and the United States had tense and hostile moments, they did reach some accord for maintaining strategic stability.

Strategic Stability In The Second Nuclear Age - London Center

The report can be downloaded at the web site. Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age. Author: Gregory D. Koblentz, Associate Professor, School of Policy, Government, and International Affairs, and Deputy Director, Biodefense Graduate Program, George Mason University

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age - Fortuna's ...

SSBNs and Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age New ballistic missile submarine fleets could destabilize the nuclear order. By James R. Holmes for The Diplomat

SSBNs and Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age ...

not give us THE definition of strategic stability. It gives us a variety of perspectives from a varied group of authors who deal with different strategic relationships around the world and offer different perspectives. It is not a treatise but a collection of essays on different dimensions of strategy and stability as they arise around the world.

Strategic Stability: Contending Interpretations

"Strategy stability was a much debated topic during the Cold War era. Today strategic stability has become even more complex with multiple regional players entering the picture with their diverse

visions on what constitutes stability or instability.

The End of Strategic Stability? | Georgetown University Press

By Editor on Monday, November 24th, 2014 Overview Since the end of the Cold War, a new nuclear order has emerged, shaped by rising nuclear states and military technologies that threaten stability, writes George Mason University's Gregory Koblentz in a new Council Special Report. During the Cold War, the potential for nuclear weapons to be used was...

Strategic Stability in the Second Nuclear Age | Indo Defense

Both sides in START endorsed improving stability as a general goal, but could not agree on what stability means... For the Soviets, strategic stability in military terms depends heavily on preserving counterforce dominance, and is a function of their confidence in achieving wartime objectives.

Strategic Stability in the Cold War - IFRI

Meeting of the SuPR (Sustainable Partnership with Russia) Group December 6-7, 2011 Washington DC STRATEGIC STABILITY AND U.S.-RUSSIAN RELATIONS A Policy Memo David HOLLOWAY Member of the SuPR Group Strategic Stability and US-Russian Relations ... Second, can the two sides trust each other to take the steps necessary to reach and ...

Meeting of the SuPR (Sustainable Partnership with Russia ...

ensure strategic stability in a nuclear multiplicity environment among its nuclear-armed peers, near peers and nonpeers. The paper first analyzes what strategic stability meant during the Cold War and identifies common elements of strategic stability strategies. In the second part, the paper recalculates strategic stability for the 21st century.

AIR WAR COLLEGE AIR UNIVERSITY ENSURING STRATEGIC ...

The second part begins with asserting strategic stability remains a relevant strategy for the United States in the contemporary nuclear-armed world. Then, the concept of stability is redefined among the three categories of nuclear actors the United States must balance in the second nuclear age nuclear-armed peers, near peers and nonpeers.

Ensuring Strategic Stability In The Second Nuclear Age

mutual assured stability and then strategic stability. Strategic stability has traditionally had two meanings. One definition emphasizes crisis stability, or the incentives to use nuclear weapons first. Another definition emphasizes arms race stability, or the incentives to build new nuclear weapons.

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